

Product information

SGS ISO (E

Cwdz21 split type temperature transmitter



Cwdz21 split temperature transmitter is carefully designed and of excellent quality. It is suitable for measuring equipment surface temperature, liquid temperature and gas temperature. It can be selected with or without display.

Range: - 50 $^{\sim}$ 100 $^{\circ}$ C

Output: 4 $^{\sim}$ 20mA, RS485, PT100, 0 $^{\sim}$ 10VDC, 0 $^{\sim}$ 5VDC, 1 $^{\sim}$ 5VDC

Power supply: 9 $^{\sim}$ 36VDC, 12 $^{\sim}$ 36VDC

Accuracy: 0.5% FS

In addition, we can provide customized products to meet the application needs of customers in a short time according to their

Typical application

▲Applicable to general industry.

Instructions

The temperature transmitter cwdz21 is applicable to the measurement of equipment surface temperature, liquid temperature and gas temperature. The operator is responsible for checking whether the equipment is suitable for the working conditions of the application. If you have any questions, please contact our sales department to ensure the correct application of the $\,$ transmitter. The company does not assume any responsibility for the impact caused by improper model selection.

Icon description

⚠ Danger! - A dangerous situation that could result in death serious injury.

 $\underline{\bigwedge}$ Warning! - A potentially hazardous situation that could

result in death or serious injury.
! Be careful! - A potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor injury

Reminder! - A potentially hazardous situation that may cause personal injury.

⚠ Tips! - Tips and information to ensure trouble free operation of the equipment.

⚠ Warning! This information is applicable to technicians.

Product features

- a) Wide voltage supply, nonlinear correction and high precision
- b) Small size, light weight and convenient installation
- c) Lightning protection, frequency cut-off interference design and strong anti-interference ability
- d) Reverse protection, current limiting protection

Product overview

 ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{Cwdz}}} 21$ series temperature transmitters use PT100 (grade 1 / 3b) as the signal measuring element. After computer automatic test, the zero point and sensitivity temperature compensation in a wide temperature range are carried out by laser resistance adjustment process. The amplifying circuit converts the sensor signal into standard output signal, which gives full play to the technical advantages of the sensor and makes the temperature transmitter have excellent performance. It has anti-interference, overload, small temperature drift, high stability and high measurement accuracy. It is an ideal temperature measurement instrument in the field of industrial automation.

Working principle

The temperature transmitter is a PT100 sensor that produces resistance effect under the influence of temperature. It is converted by a special processing unit to generate a differential voltage signal. This signal is converted into a standard analog or digital signal through a special amplifier.



Technical parameter

Measuring medium: solid, liquid or gas (compatible with contact material)

Measuring range: - 50 $^{\sim}$ 100 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Output signal: 4 $^{\sim}$ 20mA, RS485, PT100, 0 $^{\sim}$ 10VDC, 0 $^{\sim}$ 5VDC, 1 $^{\sim}$ 5VDC

Measuring element: 1 * PT100 (Level 1 / 3b)

Response time: 18S (in accordance with iec60751, 0.4m/s wind speed, 10 °C step)

Stability: \pm 0.1% FS / year

On time: 400ms

Protection grade: shell IP65, probe IP68 note: the protection grade refers to the degree reached after the electrical connection

is complete

Overall weight: with display \approx 150g, without display \approx 130g

Output power supply

output power supply	9∼36VDC	12~36VDC
4∼20mA	√	×
RS485	√	×
0~10VDC	×	√
0~5VDC	√	×
1∼5VDC	√	×

Maximum power

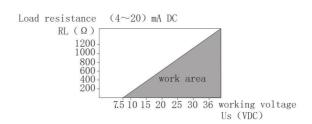
output power	≤0.02Us(W)	≤0.015Us(W)
4~20mA	✓	
RS485		~
0~10VDC		~
0~5VDC		~
1~5VDC		~

Note: US = supply voltage.

Load characteristics

Voltage type: ≥10kΩ

Current type:



Environment condition

Ambient temperature: - 40 $^{\sim}$ 85 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Ambient humidity: 0% $^{\sim}$ 95% RH (no condensation and condensation)



Electromagnetic compatibility(EMC)

Serial number	Test items	Basic standards	Test conditions	Performance level
1	Radiated interference (enclosure)	GB/T 9254/CISPR22	30MHz-1000MHz	qualified
2	Conducted interference (DC power port)	GB/T 9254/CISPR22	0. 15MHz-30MHz	qualified
3	Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	GB/T 17626. 2/IEC61000-4-2	4kV(触点), 8kV (空气)	B(Note 2)
4	Radio frequency electromagnetic field immunity	GB/T 17626. 3/IEC61000-4-3	10V/m(80MHz-1GHz)	A(Note 1)
5	Power frequency magnetic field immunity	GB/T 17626. 8/IEC61000-4-8	30A/m	A(Note 1)
6	Electrical fast transient burst immunity	GB/T 17626. 4/IEC61000-4-4	2kV(5/50ns, 100kHz)	B(Note 2)
7	Surge immunity	GB/T 17626. 5/IEC61000-4-5	500V (Between lines) 1kV (Between ground wires) (1. 2us/50us)	B(Note 2)
8	Immunity to conducted interference induced by RF field	GB/T 17626. 6/IEC61000-4-6	3V(150kHz-80MHz)	A(Note 1)

Note 1: when the performance grade is a, the performance is normal within the limits of the technical specifications.

Note 2: when the performance level is level B, the function or performance is temporarily reduced or lost, but can be recovered by itself, and the actual operation status, storage and data will not change.

Electrical protection

Short circuit protection: permanent

Reverse pole protection: no damage, but does not work

Insulation resistance: \geqslant 100m $\Omega\text{, 500VDC}$

Insulation strength: 500VAC

Output limit

	Output minimum	Maximum output
4-20mA	4mA	20mA
RS485	0	1500
0~10VDC	0. 001VDC	10VDC
0~5VDC	0. 001VDC	5VDC
1~5VDC	0. 001VDC	5VDC

Overall material

Shell: ABS engineering plastics

Cable locking head: nylon (lock wire diameter 4 $^{\sim}$ 6mm)

Display: LCD display without backlight
Probe material: 304 stainless steel

Seal: nitrile rubber

Cable: tetrafluoro shielded compensation cable (φ 4.7mm) temperature resistance - 50 $^{\sim}$ 200 °C Polyurethane shielded compensation cable (4.7mm) temperature resistance - 50 $^{\sim}$ 100 °C

Mechanical stability

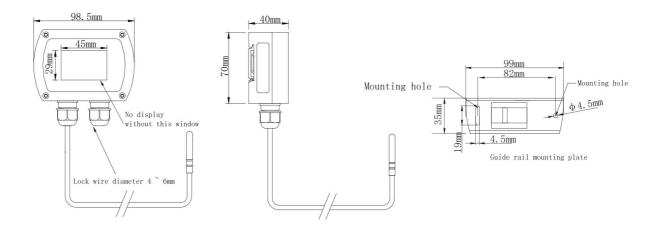
Seismic performance: 10g (20... 2000Hz) in accordance with iec60068-2-6 standard

Impact resistance: $500 \mathrm{g}$ / MS, conforming to iec60068-2-27 standard



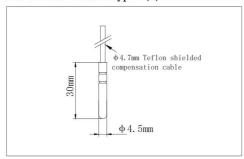
Outline and dimensions

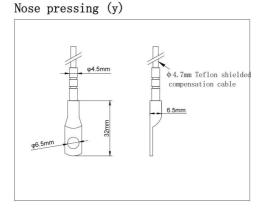
Body size



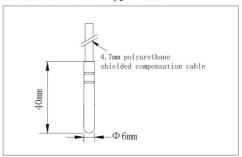
Probe size

Protective tube type (H)

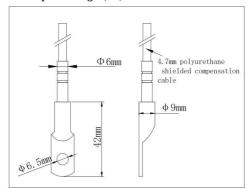




Protective tube type (H1)



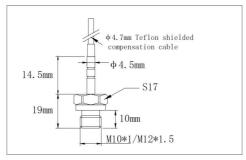
Nose pressing (Y1)



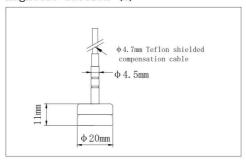




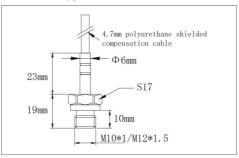
Screw in (x / z)



Magnetic suction (c)

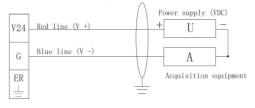


Screw in type (x1 / z1)

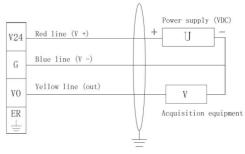


Wiring diagram

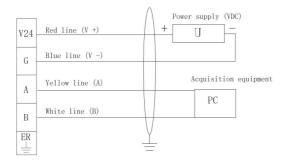
Current output wiring diagram (two-wire system)



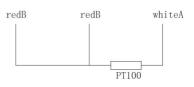
Voltage output wiring diagram (three wire system)



RS485 (digital signal) output wiring diagram (four wire system)



PT100 resistance signal output wiring diagram (three wire system)



Represents shielded wire, and all marked grounding points must be effectively grounded. It is recommended to select shielded twisted pair signal cable for the best effect. In order to avoid grounding loop, the shielding layer adopts single end grounding, insulated floating grounding at the transmitter end and grounding at the control cabinet end.



Protocol description (limited to RS485 signal output, all product addresses are 01 by default, and the data is hexadecimal)

Basic technical parameters of transmitter

This protocol complies with Modbus communication protocol and adopts the centralized RTU mode in Modbus protocol. RS485 half

- a) Output signal: RS485 (distance up to 1000m). 32 channels in total)
 b) Standard: Modbus RTU protocol (03 function reads data, 06 function writes setting data)
- c) Data format: 9600, N, 8,1 (9600bps, no verification, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit) d) Measuring range: -50 $^{\sim}$ 100 °C
- e) Resolution: 0.1 ℃
- f) Output data: 0... 1500
- g) Response frequency: ≤ 5Hz
- h) Response speed: ≥ 10ms

Modbus RTU read data 03 command description

	Device address	Function code	Data address	Number of read data	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	03	00 00	CN	CRC0 CRC1
	Device address	Function code	Data byte	Sensor data	16crc code (low front high rear)
Return from machine	Address	03	02*CN	S_HN , S_LN	CRC0 CRC1

Communication examples

The address of sensor communication equipment is set to 01, i.e. [address] = 01 (address range 01-254); At this time, crc0 = 84, crc1 = 0A.

Then the sending and returning data are as follows:

Send: 01 03 00 01 84 0A Return: 01 03 02 AC B9 59

O2ac is hexadecimal and converted to decimal 684;

Therefore, the current temperature value is t = 684 / 10-50 = 18.4 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Query example

Reading the current device address can only be completed independently by a single offline sensor Send FF 03 00 0f 00 01 A1 D7 Return FF 03 02 00 01 50 50

Then: the device address is 01 (hexadecimal)

Detailed description of Modbus RTU write 06 command

	Device address	Function code	Data address	New address	16crc code (low front high rear)
Host command	Address	06	00 OF	ΗL	CRC0 CRC1
	Device address	Function code	Data address	New address	16crc code (low front high rear)
Return from machine	Address	06	00 OF	ΗL	CRC0 CRC1

Modification example

If the 01 address is changed to 09 address:

Send 01 06 00 0f 00 09 79 CF

Return 01 06 00 0f 00 09 79 CF

Then the original address 01 is successfully changed to 09. The modified address can be modified offline or online. After completion, it can work directly without power on again.



Parameter selection

CWDZ	Temp	eratur	e tran	smitte	er				
	Code	Trans	mitte	r type					
21 Split type					(no electrical connection line by default)				
		Code	Is t	there a display					
		P	No d	isplay					
		X	Ther	e is a	displ	ay			
			Code	Range	9				
			05	Defa	ılt raı	nge -	50 ~ :	100 °C	
		8	DZ	cust	omized	1000000			
				Code	sign	al out	put		
				A1				system	
				RS				on interface (standard Modbus RTU protocol) four wire syste	
				V4				re system	
				V5	27 707000	75 Feb 1987		re system	
				V10	50 10 100	attention to the state of		ire system	
				PT				e signal (Level 1 / 3b) three wire system	
				DZ		omized			
					Code	Prob	e sty	le	
					Н	Prot	ective	e tube type (Teflon cable)	
					H1	Prot	ective	e tube type (polyurethane cable)	
					С	Magn	etic :	suction	
					Y			sing type (Teflon cable)	
					Y1			sing type (polyurethane cable)	
					X			type (thread M10 * 1 Teflon cable)	
					X1			type (thread M10 * 1 polyurethane cable)	
					Z Screw in type (thread M12 * 1.5 Teflon cable)				
					Z1			type (thread M12 * 1.5 polyurethane cable)	
					DZ		omize		
						Code	Conr	necting line between transmitter and probe	
						L1	1m	·	
						L2	2m		
						L3	3m		
						L5	5m		
						L10	10m		
						LX	Cust	tom (X: cable length)	
						\top	Code	Supply voltage	
							G	12-36VDC	
							G5	9-36VDC(except 0-10vdc output)	
							No	PT100 signal output without power supply	
							DZ	customized	
								Code customized	
								D Other customization requirements	
								No routine	
CWDZ	21	P	05	A1	H1	L1	G5	Selection example	

For example: cwdz21-p-05-a1-h1-l1-g5 (split temperature transmitter, no display, range - 50 $^{\sim}$ 100 °C, output 4-20mA, protective tube type) φ 6mm, cable 1m, power supply (9-36vdc)





Ordering instructions

⚠ Warning

When ordering transmitters, users should pay attention to selecting appropriate specifications according to environmental conditions.

Ordering information

Model / output signal / probe style / cable length / power supply voltage / Customization

Please scan the code for more information Go to the official website to get